§ 35.1300

§35.1300 Purpose and applicability.

The purpose of this subpart R is to provide standards and methods for evaluation and hazard reduction activities required in subparts B, C, D, and F through M of this part.

§ 35.1305 Definitions and other general requirements.

Definitions and other general requirements that apply to this subpart are found in subpart B of this part.

§35.1310 References.

Further guidance information regarding evaluation and hazard reduction activities described in this subpart is found in the following:

- (a) The HUD Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing (Guidelines);
- (b) The EPA Guidance on Residential Lead-Based Paint, Lead-Contaminated Dust, and Lead Contaminated Soil;
- (c) Guidance, methods or protocols issued by States and Indian tribes that have been authorized by EPA under 40 CFR 745.324 to administer and enforce lead-based paint programs.

§ 35.1315 Collection and laboratory analysis of samples.

All paint chip, dust, or soil samples shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with standards established either by a State or Indian tribe under a program authorized by EPA in accordance with 40 CFR part 745, subpart Q,

or by the EPA in accordance with 40 CFR 745.227, and as further provided in this subpart.

§35.1320 Lead-based paint inspections and risk assessments.

- (a) Lead-based paint inspections. Lead-based paint inspections shall be performed in accordance with methods and standards established either by a State or Indian tribe under a program authorized by EPA, or by EPA at 40 CFR 745.227(b), except that the definition of lead-based paint shall not include a loading (area concentration) or mass concentration greater than that in the definition at §35.110 of this part.
- (b) Risk assessments. (1) Risk assessments shall be performed in accordance with methods and standards established either by a State or Indian tribe under a program authorized by EPA, or by EPA at 40 CFR 745.227(d), and paragraph (b)(2) of this section.
- (2) Risk assessors shall use levels defining dust-lead hazards and soil-lead hazards that are no greater than those promulgated by EPA pursuant to section 403 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2683), or, if such levels are not in effect, the following for dust or soil:
- (i) *Dust.* A dust-lead hazard shall be a dust-lead level equal to or greater than the applicable loading (area concentration), based on wipe samples, in the following table:

INTERIM DUST LEAD STANDARDS

Evaluation method	Surface	Interior win- dow sills, µg/ ft ² (mg/m ²)	Window troughs, μg/ ft ² (mg/m ²)
	Floors, µg/ft ² (mg/m ²)		
Lead Hazard Screen Risk Assessment Reevaluation Clearance	25 (0.27) 40 (0.43) 40 (0.43) 40 (0.43)	250 (2.7)	Not Applicable. Not Applicable. Not Applicable. 800 (8.6).

Note: "Floors" includes carpeted and uncarpeted interior floors.

- (ii) Soil. (A) A soil-lead hazard for play areas frequented by children under 6 years of age shall be bare soil with lead equal to or exceeding 400 micrograms per gram.
- (B) For other areas, soil-lead hazards shall be bare soil that totals more than 9 square feet (0.8 square meters) per

property with lead equal to or exceeding 2,000 micrograms per gram.

(3) Lead hazard screens shall be performed in accordance with the methods and standards established either by a State or Indian tribe under a program authorized by EPA, or by EPA at 40 CFR 745.227(c), and paragraph (b)(2) of

this section. If the lead hazard screen indicates the need for a follow-up risk assessment (e.g., if dust-lead measurements exceed the levels established for lead hazard screens in this section), a risk assessment shall be conducted in accordance with paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section. Dust, soil, and paint samples collected for the lead hazard screen may be used in the risk assessment. If the lead hazard screen does not indicate the need for a follow-up risk assessment, no further risk-assessment is required.

(c) It is strongly recommended, but not required, that lead-based paint inspectors and risk assessors provide a summary of the results suitable for posting or distribution to occupants in compliance with §35.125.

§ 35.1325 Abatement.

Abatement shall be performed in accordance with methods and standards established either by a State or Indian tribe under a program authorized by EPA. or by EPA at 40 CFR 745.227(e). and shall be completed by achieving clearance in accordance with §35.1340. If encapsulation or enclosure is used as a method of abatement, ongoing leadbased paint maintenance activities shall be performed as required by the applicable subpart of this part in accordance with §35.1355. Abatement of an intact, factory-applied prime coating on metal surfaces is not required unless the surface is a friction surface.

§35.1330 Interim controls.

Interim controls of lead-based paint hazards identified in a risk assessment shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this section. Interim control measures include paint stabilization of deteriorated paint, treatments for friction and impact surfaces where levels of lead dust are above the levels specified in §35.1320, dust control, and lead-contaminated soil control. As provided by §35.155, interim controls may be performed in combination with, or be replaced by, abatement methods.

(a) General requirements. (1) Only those interim control methods identified as acceptable methods in a current risk assessment report shall be used to control identified hazards, except that,

if only paint stabilization is required in accordance with subparts F, H, K or M of this part, it shall not be necessary to have conducted a risk assessment.

- (2) Occupants of dwelling units where interim controls are being performed shall be protected during the course of the work in accordance with §35.1345.
- (3) Clearance testing shall be performed at the conclusion of interim control activities in accordance with \$35.1340.
- (4) A person performing interim controls must be trained in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.59 and either be supervised by an individual certified as a lead-based paint abatement supervisor or have successfully completed one of the following courses:
- (i) A lead-based paint abatement supervisor course accredited in accordance with 40 CFR 745.225;
- (ii) A lead-based paint abatement worker course accredited in accordance with 40 CFR 745.225;
- (iii) The Lead-Based Paint Maintenance Training Program, "Work Smart, Work Wet, and Work Clean to Work Lead Safe," prepared by the National Environmental Training Association for EPA and HUD;
- (iv) "The Remodeler's and Renovator's Lead-Based Paint Training Program," prepared by HUD and the National Association of the Remodeling Industry; or
- (v) Another course approved by HUD for this purpose after consultation with EPA.
- (b) Paint stabilization. (1) Interim control treatments used to stabilize deteriorated lead-based paint shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of this section. Interim control treatments of intact, factory applied prime coatings on metal surfaces are not required. Finish coatings on such surfaces shall be treated by interim controls if those coatings contain lead-based paint.
- (2) Åny physical defect in the substrate of a painted surface or component that is causing deterioration of the surface or component shall be repaired before treating the surface or component. Examples of defective substrate conditions include dry-rot, rust, moisture-related defects, crumbling plaster, and missing siding or other